# 1. INTRODUCTION 1.1 What is the name of your organisation?

Sächsisches Landesamt für Landwirtschaft, Umwelt und Geologie

#### 1.2 What stakeholder group does your organisation belong to?

Competent Authority (CA) involved in S&PM certification and control

#### 1.2.1 Please specify

#### 1.3 Please write down the address (postal, e-mail, telephone, fax and web page if available) of your organisation

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#### 2. PROBLEM IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Are the problems defined correctly in the context of S&PM marketing? No

2.2 Have certain problems been overlooked? No

2.2.1 Please state which one(s)

#### 2.3 Are certain problems underestimated or overly emphasized? Overestimated

#### 2.3.1 Please indicate the problems that have not been estimated rightly

differences of fees at EU-Level; positive effects of a haromised framework for costs; positive effects of sustainability issues;

#### 2.4 Other suggestions or remarks

#### 3. OBJECTIVES OF THE REVIEW

3.1 Are the objectives defined correctly in the context of S&PM marketing? No

3.2 Have certain objectives been overlooked? No

3.2.1 Please state which one(s)

### 3.3 Are certain objectives inappropriate?

Yes

#### 3.3.1 Please state which one(s)

reduce costs and administrative burden for public authorities and operators without compromising the general policy objective: "foster innovation in plant breeding with a focus on varieties that can be grown in a more sustainable manner";

3.4 Is it possible to have a regime whereby a variety is considered as being automatically registered in an EU catalogue as soon as a variety protection title is granted by CPVO?

#### No opinion

3.5 If there is a need to prioritise the objectives, which should be the most important ones? (Please rank 1 to 5, 1 being first priority) Ensure availability of healthy high quality seed and propagating material

Secure the functioning of the internal market for seed and propagating material 3

Empower users by informing them about seed and propagating material 4

Contribute to improve biodiversity, sustainability and favour innovation  $\ensuremath{2}$ 

Promote plant health and support agriculture, horticulture and forestry 1

3.6 Other suggestions and remarks

#### 4. OPTIONS FOR CHANGE

**4.1 Are the scenarios defined correctly in the context of S&PM marketing?** No

4.2 Have certain scenarios been overlooked? Yes

# 4.2.1 Please state which one(s)

"no changes to current technical provisions but simplification and harmonisation in legislation"

### 4.3 Are certain scenarios unrealistic?

Yes

#### 4.3.1 Please state which one(s) and why

Szenario 3 and 4 - Certification (officially or under official control) of lots, which will be intended for export is still necessary, where other lots were marketed solely under suppliers' label; Maintenance of two variety testing and certification systems; - most Member States would like to continue having VCU on a voluntary basis on their territory; - when abandoning obligatory VCU testing there is no official information for post registration networks, which increases costs for post registration variety testing and/or is slowing down transfer of innovation into farming practice - certification only for varieties, which are tested in VCU for health and adoption to physical environment, but not for yield; Szenario 5: higher administrative burden and costs for control are expected

# 4.4 Do you agree with the reasoning leading to the discard of the "no-changes" and the "abolishment" scenarios?

Yes

#### 4.5 Other suggestions and remarks

#### 5. ASSESSMENT OF OPTIONS

**5.1 Are the impacts correctly analysed in the context of S&PM marketing?** No

# 5.2 Have certain impacts been overlooked?

Yes

#### 5.2.1 Please state which one(s)

Impact on SMEs (high transaction cost); loss of impartial variety-information for stakeholders

## 5.3 Are certain impacts underestimated or overly emphasized?

Underestimated

#### 5.3.1 Please provide evidence or data to support your assessment:

- impact on the structure of breeders: private variety performance testing and certification systems favour large international seed companies, which is seemingly the main objective of the better regulation approach; - possible loss of official variety testing results for stakeholders; - negative impacts for health and quality of S&PM

#### **5.4 How do you rate the proportionality of a generalised traceability/labelling and fit-forpurpose requirement (as set out in scenario 4)?** No opinion

5.5 How do you assess the possible impact of the various scenarios on your organisation or on the stakeholders that your organisation represents? Scenario 1 Very negative

Scenario 2 Fairly beneficial

Scenario 3 Very negative

Scenario 4 Very negative

Scenario 5 Very negative

# 5.5.1 Please state your reasons for your answers above, where possible providing evidence or data to support your assessment:

All Prozesses we have to controll the decision in seed- and plantproduktion.

#### 6. ASSESSMENT OF SCENARIOS

6.1 Which scenario or combination of scenarios would best meet the objectives of the review of the legislation? Scenario 2

# 6.1.1 What are your views with regards to combining elements from the various scenarios into a new scenario?

6.1.1 Please explain the new scenario in terms of key features

6.2 Do you agree with the comparison of the scenarios in the light of the potential to achieve the objectives? Yes

# 6.2.1 Please explain:

### 7. OTHER COMMENTS

7.1 Further written comments on the seeds and propagating material review:

7.2 Please make reference here to any available data/documents that support your answer, or indicate sources where such data/documents can be found:

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